Title: Cancer Monitoring by Aberrant Promotor Methylation of the Transcription Factor Genes PAX5 Alpha PAX5 Beta, Novel Loop Helix Loop Protein, Novel Gene 2, and Beta 3 Genes

IN THE CLAIMS

Please replace all prior versions and claims listings with the following claims listing Claims Listing:

- 1-2. (cancel)
- 3. (previously presented) A method of monitoring for cancer in a biological specimen containing DNA from cells suspected of being cancerous and having PAX5 \$\beta\$ genespecific promoter methylation comprising the steps of:

subjecting DNA to bisulfite modification;

expanding the number of copies of at least a portion of the PAX5 B gene by a polymerase chain reaction to amplify the portion of the PAX5 β gene where the promoter methylation resides, thereby generating an amplification product; and

using an aliquot of the amplification product generated by the first polymerase chain reaction in a second, methylation-specific, polymerase chain reaction at a temperature of annealing that exceeds the melting temperature of the second primer set to amplify a portion of the gene's CpG island where the promoter methylation resides and detect the presence of inactivation of the PAX5 β gene.

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4-6. (cancel)

7. (currently amended) A method of monitoring for cancer in a biological specimen containing DNA from cells suspected of being cancerous and having PAX5 α genespecific promoter methylation comprising the steps of:

subjecting DNA to hisulfite modification;

expanding the number of copies of at least a portion of the PAX5 α gene by using a polymerase chain reaction to amplify a portion of the PAX5 α gene where the promoter methylation resides, thereby generating an amplification product; and

using an aliquot of the amplification product generated by the first polymerase chain reaction in a second, methylation-specific, polymerase chain reaction at a temperature of annealing that exceeds the melting temperature of the second primer set to amplify a portion of the gene's CpG island where the promoter methylation resides and detect the presence of inactivation of the PAX5 α gene.

8-9. (cancel)

10. (previously presented) The method of claim 3 wherein the step of expanding at least a portion of the PAX5 β gene comprises amplifying a 328 base pair fragment with a primer set comprising:

Forward 5' agittgtgggttgtttagttaatgg

Reverse 5' caaaaaatcccaaccaccaaaacc

AMENDMENT AND RESPONSE UNDER 37 CFR § 1.111

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Protein, Novel Gene 2, and Beta 3 Genes

11. (previously presented) The method of claim 3 wherein the hiological sample from

which the DNA is obtained is selected from tissue, plasma, ejaculate, cerebrospinal fluid, serum,

mammary duct fluid, urine, fecal stool, and sputum.

12. (previously presented) The method of claim 7 wherein the step of expanding at

least a portion of the PAX5 α gene comprises amplifying a 389 base pair fragment with a primer

set comprising:

Forward 5' gggtttgtatatggagatgttatagg

Reverse 5° caacatcacaaaatatccccaaacac

13. (previously presented) The method of claim 7 wherein the biological sample from

which the DNA is obtained is selected from tissue, plasma, ejaculate, cerebrospinal fluid, serum,

mammary duct fluid, urine, fecal stool, and sputum.